

# Heterotaxie PCD

Gene panel

## Gene panel information

<b>Gene panel</b>	<b>Heterotaxie PCD</b>
<b>Version</b>	4
<b>Total genes</b>	168
<b>Activation date</b>	Thursday 24 april 2025
<b>Publisher</b>	Center for Medical Genetics, Ghent

## Genes

Gene	% at least 20 x covered*	OMIM gene id	OMIM Phenotypes
<b>ACTC1</b>	98.57 %	102540	Left ventricular noncompaction 4, 613424 (3), Autosomal dominant; Cardiomyopathy, hypertrophic, 11, 612098 (3), Autosomal dominant; Atrial septal defect 5, 612794 (3), Autosomal dominant; Cardiomyopathy, dilated, 1R, 613424 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>ACVR2B</b>	99.99 %	602730	Heterotaxy, visceral, 4, autosomal, 613751 (3)
<b>AK7</b>	99.93 %	615364	?Spermatogenic failure 27, 617965 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>ALMS1</b>	99.9 %	606844	Alstrom syndrome, 203800 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>ANKS6</b>	100 %	615370	Nephronophthisis 16, 615382 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>ARL2BP</b>	99.89 %	615407	Retinitis pigmentosa 82 with or without situs inversus, 615434 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>ARMC2</b>	99.97 %	618424	Spermatogenic failure 38, 618433 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>BBS1</b>	100 %	209901	Bardet-Biedl syndrome 1, 209900 (3), Digenic recessive, Autosomal recessive
<b>BBS10</b>	99.98 %	610148	Bardet-Biedl syndrome 10, 615987 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>BBS2</b>	99.9 %	606151	Retinitis pigmentosa 74, 616562 (3), Autosomal recessive; Bardet-Biedl syndrome 2, 615981 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>BCL9L</b>	99.99 %	609004	<i>No OMIM phenotypes</i>
<b>BCOR</b>	99.97 %	300485	Microphthalmia, syndromic 2, 300166 (3), X-linked dominant
<b>BRAF</b>	99.78 %	164757	Melanoma, malignant, somatic, 155600 (3); LEOPARD syndrome 3, 613707 (3), Autosomal dominant; Cardiofaciocutaneous syndrome, 115150 (3), Autosomal dominant; Adenocarcinoma of lung, somatic, 211980 (3); Noonan syndrome 7, 613706 (3), Autosomal dominant; Colorectal cancer, somatic, 114500 (3); Non-small cell lung cancer, somatic, 211980 (3)
<b>BRWD1</b>	99.88 %	617824	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 51, 620438 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>C1orf127</b>	99.98 %	619700	<i>No OMIM phenotypes</i>
<b>CBL</b>	99.95 %	165360	Noonan syndrome-like disorder with or without juvenile myelomonocytic leukemia, 613563 (3), Autosomal dominant; ?Juvenile myelomonocytic leukemia, 607785 (3), Somatic mutation, Autosomal dominant
<b>CCDC103</b>	99.68 %	614677	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 17, 614679 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>CCDC39</b>	99.74 %	613798	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 14, 613807 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>CCDC40</b>	100 %	613799	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 15, 613808 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>CCDC65</b>	99.8 %	611088	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 27, 615504 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>CCNO</b>	100 %	607752	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 29, 615872 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>CENPF</b>	99.97 %	600236	Stromme syndrome, 243605 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>CEP164</b>	99.99 %	614848	Nephronophthisis 15, 614845 (3), Autosomal recessive

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<b>CEP290</b>	98.1 %	610142	Leber congenital amaurosis 10, 611755 (3); Joubert syndrome 5, 610188 (3), Autosomal recessive; Senior-Loken syndrome 6, 610189 (3), Autosomal recessive; ?Bardet-Biedl syndrome 14, 615991 (3), Autosomal recessive; Meckel syndrome 4, 611134 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>CFAP221</b>	99.71 %	618704	<i>No OMIM phenotypes</i>
<b>CFAP298</b>	99.96 %	615494	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 26, 615500 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>CFAP300</b>	99.47 %	618058	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 38, 618063 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>CFAP43</b>	99.88 %	617558	Hydrocephalus, normal pressure, 1, 236690 (3), Autosomal dominant; Spermatogenic failure 19, 617592 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>CFAP45</b>	99.97 %	605152	Heterotaxy, visceral, 11, autosomal, with male infertility, 619608 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>CFAP46</b>	99.99 %	618543	<i>No OMIM phenotypes</i>
<b>CFAP47</b>	99.21 %	301057	Spermatogenic failure, X-linked 3, 301059 (3), X-linked recessive
<b>CFAP52</b>	99.92 %	609804	Heterotaxy, visceral, 10, autosomal, with male infertility, 619607 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>CFAP53</b>	99.95 %	614759	Heterotaxy, visceral, 6, autosomal recessive, 614779 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>CFAP54</b>	99.07 %		<i>No OMIM phenotypes</i>
<b>CFAP57</b>	98.9 %	614259	Spermatogenic failure 95, 620917 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>CFAP58</b>	99.96 %	619129	Spermatogenic failure 49, 619144 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>CFAP65</b>	99.99 %	614270	Spermatogenic failure 40, 618664 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>CFAP74</b>	99.98 %	620187	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 49, without situs inversus, 620197 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>CFC1</b>	21.93 %	605194	Heterotaxy, visceral, 2, autosomal, 605376 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>CFTR</b>	99.45 %	602421	Cystic fibrosis, 219700 (3), Autosomal recessive; Sweat chloride elevation without CF (3); Congenital bilateral absence of vas deferens, 277180 (3), Autosomal recessive; {Pancreatitis, hereditary}, 167800 (3), Autosomal dominant; {Bronchiectasis with or without elevated sweat chloride 1, modifier of}, 211400 (3), Autosomal dominant; {Hypertrypsinemia, neonatal} (3)
<b>CHD7</b>	99.99 %	608892	Hypogonadotropic hypogonadism 5 with or without anosmia, 612370 (3), Autosomal dominant; CHARGE syndrome, 214800 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>CITED2</b>	100 %	602937	Atrial septal defect 8, 614433 (3), Autosomal dominant; Ventricular septal defect 2, 614431 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>CRELD1</b>	99.99 %	607170	Atrioventricular septal defect, partial, with heterotaxy syndrome, 606217 (3), Autosomal dominant; Jeffries-Lakhani neurodevelopmental syndrome, 620771 (3), Autosomal recessive; {Atrioventricular septal defect, susceptibility to, 2}, 606217 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>DAND5</b>	100 %	609068	<i>No OMIM phenotypes</i>
<b>DAW1</b>	99.9 %	620279	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 52, 620570 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>DGAT2L6</b>	99.97 %	300926	<i>No OMIM phenotypes</i>
<b>DNAAF1</b>	99.99 %	613190	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 13, 613193 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>DNAAF11</b>	99.8 %	614930	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 19, 614935 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>DNAAF2</b>	99.91 %	612517	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 10, 612518 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>DNAAF3</b>	99.99 %	614566	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 2, 606763 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>DNAAF4</b>	99.78 %	608706	{Dyslexia, susceptibility to, 1}, 127700 (3), Autosomal dominant; Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 25, 615482 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>DNAAF5</b>	99.99 %	614864	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 18, 614874 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>DNAAF6</b>	98.73 %	300933	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 36, X-linked, 300991 (3), X-linked recessive

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<b>DNAH1</b>	99.98 %	603332	Spermatogenic failure 18, 617576 (3), Autosomal recessive; Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 37, 617577 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>DNAH10</b>	99.93 %	605884	Spermatogenic failure 56, 619515 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>DNAH11</b>	99.93 %	603339	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 7, with or without situs inversus, 611884 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>DNAH12</b>	99.36 %	603340	<i>No OMIM phenotypes</i>
<b>DNAH14</b>	99.64 %	603341	<i>No OMIM phenotypes</i>
<b>DNAH17</b>	99.98 %	610063	Spermatogenic failure 39, 618643 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>DNAH5</b>	99.98 %	603335	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 3, with or without situs inversus, 608644 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>DNAH6</b>	99.59 %	603336	<i>No OMIM phenotypes</i>
<b>DNAH7</b>	99.66 %	610061	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 50, 620356 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>DNAH8</b>	99.84 %	603337	Spermatogenic failure 46, 619095 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>DNAH9</b>	99.99 %	603330	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 40, 618300 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>DNAI1</b>	99.92 %	604366	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 1, with or without situs inversus, 244400 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>DNAI2</b>	99.86 %	605483	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 9, with or without situs inversus, 612444 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>DNAJB13</b>	99.91 %	610263	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 34, 617091 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>DNAL1</b>	99.79 %	610062	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 16, 614017 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>DRC1</b>	99.93 %	615288	Spermatogenic failure 80, 620222 (3), Autosomal recessive; Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 21, 615294 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>DYNC1H1</b>	99.99 %	600112	Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease, axonal, type 20, 614228 (3), Autosomal dominant; Spinal muscular atrophy, lower extremity-predominant 1, AD, 158600 (3), Autosomal dominant; Cortical dysplasia, complex, with other brain malformations 13, 614563 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>DYNLT2</b>	99.95 %	186977	<i>No OMIM phenotypes</i>
<b>EFCAB1</b>	99.96 %	619564	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 53, 620642 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>ELN</b>	99.86 %	130160	Cutis laxa, autosomal dominant, 123700 (3), Autosomal dominant; Supravalvar aortic stenosis, 185500 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>EVC</b>	99.95 %	604831	Ellis-van Creveld syndrome, 225500 (3), Autosomal recessive; ?Weyers acrofacial dysostosis, 193530 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>EVC2</b>	99.97 %	607261	Ellis-van Creveld syndrome, 225500 (3), Autosomal recessive; Weyers acrofacial dysostosis, 193530 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>FOXF1</b>	99.99 %	601089	Alveolar capillary dysplasia with misalignment of pulmonary veins, 265380 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>FOXH1</b>	100 %	603621	<i>No OMIM phenotypes</i>
<b>FOXJ1</b>	100 %	602291	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 43, 618699 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>GAS2L2</b>	100 %	611398	?Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 41, 618449 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>GAS8</b>	100 %	605178	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 33, 616726 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>GATA4</b>	99.99 %	600576	Tetralogy of Fallot, 187500 (3), Autosomal dominant; Atrial septal defect 2, 607941 (3), Autosomal dominant; Ventricular septal defect 1, 614429 (3), Autosomal dominant; Atrioventricular septal defect 4, 614430 (3), Autosomal dominant; ?Testicular anomalies with or without congenital heart disease, 615542 (3), Autosomal dominant

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<b>GATA6</b>	99.9 %	601656	Atrial septal defect 9, 614475 (3), Autosomal dominant; Persistent truncus arteriosus, 217095 (3); Pancreatic agenesis and congenital heart defects, 600001 (3), Autosomal dominant; Atrioventricular septal defect 5, 614474 (3), Autosomal dominant; Tetralogy of Fallot, 187500 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>GDF1</b>	100 %	602880	Congenital heart defects, multiple types, 6, 613854 (3), Autosomal dominant; Right atrial isomerism (Ivemark), 208530 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>GJA1</b>	100 %	121014	Erythrokeratoderma variabilis et progressiva 3, 617525 (3), Autosomal dominant; Craniometaphyseal dysplasia, autosomal recessive, 218400 (3), Autosomal recessive; Oculodentodigital dysplasia, 164200 (3), Autosomal dominant; Palmoplantar keratoderma with congenital alopecia, 104100 (3), Autosomal dominant; Syndactyly, type III, 186100 (3), Autosomal dominant; Oculodentodigital dysplasia, autosomal recessive, 257850 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>GPC3</b>	99.6 %	300037	Wilms tumor, somatic, 194070 (3); Simpson-Golabi-Behmel syndrome, type 1, 312870 (3), X-linked recessive
<b>HAND1</b>	99.99 %	602406	<i>No OMIM phenotypes</i>
<b>HES7</b>	100 %	608059	Spondylocostal dysostosis 4, autosomal recessive, 613686 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>HYDIN</b>	81.28 %	610812	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 5, 608647 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>IFT46</b>	99.58 %	620506	<i>No OMIM phenotypes</i>
<b>INVS</b>	99.94 %	243305	Nephronophthisis 2, infantile, 602088 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>JAG1</b>	100 %	601920	?Deafness, congenital heart defects, and posterior embryotoxon, 617992 (3), Autosomal dominant; Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease, axonal, type 2HH, 619574 (3), Autosomal dominant; Alagille syndrome 1, 118450 (3), Autosomal dominant; Tetralogy of Fallot, 187500 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>KIF7</b>	100 %	611254	Joubert syndrome 12, 200990 (3), Autosomal recessive; Acrocallosal syndrome, 200990 (3), Autosomal recessive; ?Hydroletharus syndrome 2, 614120 (3), Autosomal recessive; ?Al-Gazali-Bakalnova syndrome, 607131 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>LEFTY1</b>	99.98 %	603037	<i>No OMIM phenotypes</i>
<b>LEFTY2</b>	100 %	601877	<i>No OMIM phenotypes</i>
<b>LMBRD1</b>	99.67 %	612625	Methylmalonic aciduria and homocystinuria, cblF type, 277380 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>LMLN2</b>	91.91 %	619703	Heterotaxy, visceral, 12, autosomal, 619702 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>LMNA</b>	99.96 %	150330	Mandibuloacral dysplasia, 248370 (3), Autosomal recessive; Heart-hand syndrome, Slovenian type, 610140 (3), Autosomal dominant; Cardiomyopathy, dilated, 1A, 115200 (3), Autosomal dominant; Emery-Dreifuss muscular dystrophy 3, autosomal recessive, 616516 (3), Autosomal recessive; Restrictive dermopathy 2, 619793 (3), Autosomal dominant; Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease, type 2B1, 605588 (3), Autosomal recessive; Emery-Dreifuss muscular dystrophy 2, autosomal dominant, 181350 (3), Autosomal dominant; Hutchinson-Gilford progeria, 176670 (3), Autosomal dominant; Lipodystrophy, familial partial, type 2, 151660 (3), Autosomal dominant; Muscular dystrophy, congenital, 613205 (3), Autosomal dominant; Malouf syndrome, 212112 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>LRRC56</b>	99.98 %	618227	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 39, 618254 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>LZTFL1</b>	100 %	606568	Bardet-Biedl syndrome 17, 615994 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>MAP2K1</b>	99.98 %	176872	Cardiofaciocutaneous syndrome 3, 615279 (3), Autosomal dominant; Melorheostosis, isolated, somatic mosaic, 155950 (3)
<b>MAP2K2</b>	99.99 %	601263	Cardiofaciocutaneous syndrome 4, 615280 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>MCIDAS</b>	100 %	614086	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 42, 618695 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>MED13L</b>	99.99 %	608771	Impaired intellectual development and distinctive facial features with or without cardiac defects, 616789 (3), Autosomal dominant

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<b>MEGF8</b>	99.9 %	604267	Carpenter syndrome 2, 614976 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>MEIS2</b>	99.97 %	601740	Cleft palate, cardiac defects, and impaired intellectual development, 600987 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>MKS1</b>	99.92 %	609883	Bardet-Biedl syndrome 13, 615990 (3), Autosomal recessive; Meckel syndrome 1, 249000 (3), Autosomal recessive; Joubert syndrome 28, 617121 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>MMP21</b>	99.99 %	608416	Heterotaxy, visceral, 7, autosomal, 616749 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>MNS1</b>	99.86 %	610766	Heterotaxy, visceral, 9, autosomal, with male infertility, 618948 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>MRE11</b>	99.93 %	600814	Ataxia-telangiectasia-like disorder 1, 604391 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>MYH6</b>	100 %	160710	{Sick sinus syndrome 3}, 614090 (3); Atrial septal defect 3, 614089 (3); Cardiomyopathy, dilated, 1EE, 613252 (3), Autosomal dominant; Cardiomyopathy, hypertrophic, 14, 613251 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>NAT10</b>	99.97 %	609221	<i>No OMIM phenotypes</i>
<b>NEK10</b>	96.92 %	618726	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 44, 618781 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>NEK3</b>	99.96 %	604044	<i>No OMIM phenotypes</i>
<b>NEK8</b>	99.99 %	609799	Renal-hepatic-pancreatic dysplasia 2, 615415 (3), Autosomal recessive; Polycystic kidney disease 8, 620903 (3); ?Nephronophthisis 9, 613824 (3)
<b>NKX2-5</b>	99.75 %	600584	Hypoplastic left heart syndrome 2, 614435 (3), Autosomal dominant; Tetralogy of Fallot, 187500 (3), Autosomal dominant; Hypothyroidism, congenital nongoitrous, 5, 225250 (3), Autosomal dominant; Conotruncal heart malformations, variable, 217095 (3); Ventricular septal defect 3, 614432 (3), Autosomal dominant; Atrial septal defect 7, with or without AV conduction defects, 108900 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>NKX2-6</b>	100 %	611770	Persistent truncus arteriosus, 217095 (3); Conotruncal heart malformations, 217095 (3)
<b>NME5</b>	99.81 %	603575	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 48, without situs inversus, 620032 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>NME8</b>	99.83 %	607421	?Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 6, 610852 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>NODAL</b>	99.98 %	601265	Heterotaxy, visceral, 5, 270100 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>NOTCH1</b>	99.98 %	190198	Adams-Oliver syndrome 5, 616028 (3), Autosomal dominant; Aortic valve disease 1, 109730 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>NOTCH2</b>	99.03 %	600275	Alagille syndrome 2, 610205 (3), Autosomal dominant; Hajdu-Cheney syndrome, 102500 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>NPHP3</b>	99.89 %	608002	Nephronophthisis 3, 604387 (3), Autosomal recessive; Renal-hepatic-pancreatic dysplasia 1, 208540 (3), Autosomal recessive; Meckel syndrome 7, 267010 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>NR2F2</b>	100 %	107773	46XX sex reversal 5, 618901 (3), Autosomal dominant; Congenital heart defects, multiple types, 4, 615779 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>NSD1</b>	99.98 %	606681	Sotos syndrome, 117550 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>ODAD1</b>	96.04 %	615038	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 20, 615067 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>ODAD2</b>	98.19 %	615408	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 23, 615451 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>ODAD3</b>	99.96 %	615956	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 30, 616037 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>ODAD4</b>	99.85 %	617095	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 35, 617092 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>OFD1</b>	99.68 %	300170	Simpson-Golabi-Behmel syndrome, type 2, 300209 (3), X-linked recessive; ?Retinitis pigmentosa 23, 300424 (3), X-linked recessive; Orofaciodigital syndrome I, 311200 (3), X-linked dominant; Joubert syndrome 10, 300804 (3), X-linked recessive

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<b>PIK3CD</b>	99.99 %	602839	Immunodeficiency 14A, autosomal dominant, 615513 (3), Autosomal dominant; Immunodeficiency 14B, autosomal recessive, 619281 (3), Autosomal recessive; ?Roifman-Chitayat syndrome, digenic, 613328 (3), Digenic recessive
<b>PITRM1</b>	99.89 %	618211	Spinocerebellar ataxia, autosomal recessive 30, 619405 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>PKD1L1</b>	99.84 %	609721	Heterotaxy, visceral, 8, autosomal, 617205 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>PKD2</b>	99.91 %	173910	Polycystic kidney disease 2, 613095 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>PQBP1</b>	99.99 %	300463	Renpenning syndrome, 309500 (3), X-linked recessive
<b>PRRX1</b>	99.56 %	167420	Agnathia-otocephaly complex, 202650 (3), Autosomal dominant, Autosomal recessive
<b>PTPN11</b>	99.98 %	176876	Noonan syndrome 1, 163950 (3), Autosomal dominant; LEOPARD syndrome 1, 151100 (3), Autosomal dominant; Metachondromatosis, 156250 (3), Autosomal dominant; Leukemia, juvenile myelomonocytic, somatic, 607785 (3)
<b>RAF1</b>	99.97 %	164760	Cardiomyopathy, dilated, 1NN, 615916 (3), Autosomal dominant; Noonan syndrome 5, 611553 (3), Autosomal dominant; LEOPARD syndrome 2, 611554 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>RIT1</b>	99.78 %	609591	Noonan syndrome 8, 615355 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>RPGR</b>	94.45 %	312610	Retinitis pigmentosa, X-linked, and sinorespiratory infections, with or without deafness, 300455 (3), X-linked; Cone-rod dystrophy, X-linked, 1, 304020 (3), X-linked recessive; Retinitis pigmentosa 3, 300029 (3), X-linked; Macular degeneration, X-linked atrophic, 300834 (3), X-linked recessive
<b>RSPH1</b>	99.87 %	609314	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 24, 615481 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>RSPH3</b>	99.94 %	615876	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 32, 616481 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>RSPH4A</b>	99.95 %	612647	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 11, 612649 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>RSPH9</b>	99.99 %	612648	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 12, 612650 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>SERPINE2</b>	99.97 %	177010	<i>No OMIM phenotypes</i>
<b>SHOC2</b>	99.96 %	602775	Noonan syndrome-like with loose anagen hair 1, 607721 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>SHROOM3</b>	99.99 %	604570	<i>No OMIM phenotypes</i>
<b>SMAD2</b>	99.92 %	601366	Loeys-Dietz syndrome 6, 619656 (3), Autosomal dominant; Congenital heart defects, multiple types, 8, with or without heterotaxy, 619657 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>SMAD6</b>	100 %	602931	Aortic valve disease 2, 614823 (3), Autosomal dominant; {Radioulnar synostosis, nonsyndromic}, 179300 (3), Autosomal dominant; {Craniosynostosis 7, susceptibility to}, 617439 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>SOS1</b>	99.68 %	182530	Noonan syndrome 4, 610733 (3), Autosomal dominant; ?Fibromatosis, gingival, 1, 135300 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>SPAG1</b>	99.78 %	603395	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 28, 615505 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>SPEF2</b>	99.93 %	610172	Spermatogenic failure 43, 618751 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>STK36</b>	99.98 %	607652	?Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 46, 619436 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>TBX1</b>	99.95 %	602054	Tetralogy of Fallot, 187500 (3), Autosomal dominant; DiGeorge syndrome, 188400 (3), Autosomal dominant; Conotruncal anomaly face syndrome, 217095 (3); Velocardiofacial syndrome, 192430 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>TBX5</b>	99.98 %	601620	Holt-Oram syndrome, 142900 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>TCTN2</b>	99.99 %	613846	Joubert syndrome 24, 616654 (3), Autosomal recessive; ?Meckel syndrome 8, 613885 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>TP73</b>	100 %	601990	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 47, and lissencephaly, 619466 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>TTC12</b>	99.97 %	610732	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 45, 618801 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>TTC8</b>	99.67 %	608132	Bardet-Biedl syndrome 8, 615985 (3), Autosomal recessive; ?Retinitis pigmentosa 51, 613464 (3), Autosomal recessive

# Heterotaxie PCD

Gene panel

Gene	% at least 20 x covered*	OMIM gene id	OMIM Phenotypes
<b>TUBB4B</b>	100 %	602660	Leber congenital amaurosis with early-onset deafness, 617879 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>UBR1</b>	99.93 %	605981	Johanson-Blizzard syndrome, 243800 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>WDR35</b>	99.92 %	613602	Short-rib thoracic dysplasia 7 with or without polydactyly, 614091 (3), Autosomal recessive; Cranioectodermal dysplasia 2, 613610 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>WDR47</b>	95.08 %	615734	<i>No OMIM phenotypes</i>
<b>WFDC2</b>	100 %	617548	<i>No OMIM phenotypes</i>
<b>ZFPM2</b>	100 %	603693	Diaphragmatic hernia 3, 610187 (3); 46XY sex reversal 9, 616067 (3), Autosomal dominant; Tetralogy of Fallot, 187500 (3), Autosomal dominant
<b>ZIC3</b>	99.9 %	300265	Congenital heart defects, nonsyndromic, 1, X-linked, 306955 (3), X-linked recessive; Heterotaxy, visceral, 1, X-linked, 306955 (3), X-linked recessive; VACTERL association, X-linked, 314390 (3), X-linked recessive
<b>ZMPSTE24</b>	98.7 %	606480	Mandibuloacral dysplasia with type B lipodystrophy, 608612 (3), Autosomal recessive; Restrictive dermopathy 1, 275210 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>ZMYND10</b>	99.99 %	607070	Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 22, 615444 (3), Autosomal recessive
<b>ZNF423</b>	98.94 %	604557	Nephronophthisis 14, 614844 (3), Autosomal dominant, Autosomal recessive; Joubert syndrome 19, 614844 (3), Autosomal dominant, Autosomal recessive

## Explanation

OMIM release used for OMIM disease identifiers and descriptions: **2024-09-05**

Gene symbols used are according to the HGNC guidelines (corresponding to Ensembl database release 105).

Each Phenotype is followed by its MIM number, phenotype mapping key and inheritance pattern.

Possible phenotype mapping keys

- (1) the disorder is placed on the map based on its association with a gene, but the underlying defect is not known
- (2) the disorder has been placed on the map by linkage; no mutation has been found
- (3) the molecular basis for the disorder is known; a mutation has been found in the gene
- (4) a contiguous gene deletion or duplication syndrome, multiple genes are deleted or duplicated causing the phenotype

Brackets, "[ ]", indicate "nondiseases," mainly genetic variations that lead to apparently abnormal laboratory test values (e.g., dysalbuminemic euthyroidal hyperthyroxinemia).

Braces, "{ }", indicate mutations that contribute to susceptibility to multifactorial disorders (e.g., diabetes, asthma) or to susceptibility to infection (e.g., malaria).

A question mark, "?", before the phenotype name indicates that the relationship between the phenotype and gene is provisional. More details about this relationship are provided in the comment field of the map and in the gene and phenotype OMIM entries.

\* The column '% at least 20 x covered' shows the percentage of the coding sequence (+/-20 nucleotides of the flanking introns) of that gene that is on average at least 20 x covered. This according to the experience with exome sequencing in our laboratory and based on the current method.